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ROSES



A. J. van der VIES & CO.
Rose Growers
OAKTON - - - VIRGINIA





Our Experience

With

ROSES

NINETEEN YEARS AGO we began to grow Roses and Lilacs. Twelve years of this time was spent in Holland, where we grew thousands of plants and exported them to the United States. Leaving Holland, we came to the United States and established a Nursery at Oakton, Virginia, our present location.

Growing Roses is our specialty, averaging yearly more than 60,000 Rose Bushes of the very best varieties for out-door planting. Our plants are guaranteed to be two years old, field grown, hardy and of good size. The plants are all budded on the Rosa Canina, or the so-called Dogrose. We do not grow any Roses on their own roots.

The great advantage to be obtained by budding



A Block of Roses in Bloom

on the Rosa Canina is that it produces strong and hardy roots. Therefore, when the Roses are transplanted they at once begin to thrive and produce very large flowers of pure color, which is absolutely necessary to make Rose Growing a pleasure. Do not confuse the roots of the Rosa Canina with others. Very often inferior roots are used for budding purposes, which produce an inferior plant, and are in no way to be compared with the Rosa Canina. The life of a plant budded on Rosa Canina is much longer than those budded on any other roots.

All of the Roses listed in this catalogue are tested in our own fields before we offer them for sale, which assures you best varieties of plants for outdoor growing.

Electric cars via Washington-Virginia Railway direct to Oakton. Cars leave Twelfth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., every hour, 15 minutes of the hour. The Nursery is located directly opposite the station.

See our Special Offer on Page 24. It is the finest collection of Roses ever offered for the price.



Looking Over the Plants

HOW TO GROW ROSES SUCCESSFULLY

When To Plant.

Roses can be planted successfully from October 15 until freezing weather; and in spring, as soon as the soil can be worked until the end of April.

Fall planting is preferable on soil that is not too low; and the roses should be given their winter protection right after they are planted. When fall planting is properly done, and field grown roses are used, the following advantages are to be obtained:

A rose bush, when in dormant condition, if planted in fall, after the roots are pruned as described, will, during the winter, make a callus, which will very early in the spring, before any sign of growth is shown, send out small, vigorous roots, sufficient to supply the plant with the necessary plant food. This is the greatest benefit of fall planting. Such plants, which have had time during the winter to establish their roots, will be in full bloom about the latter part of May. When spring planting is done the same plants will not be in bloom until four or five weeks later, according to climatic conditions.

If planting in fall is impossible, then plant as early in spring as weather will permit.

When the Plants Arrive.

They should be unpacked in a place, free from draft and out of the sun, so as to prevent shrinking of the roots. If they can not be planted at once, cover the whole plant with wet moss or other moist material. If the planting has to be delayed several days after the arrival of the plants, it is better to heel them in in a protected place, so that not only the roots are covered with earth, but also half of the plant.



Cultivating Roses

How to Prepare the Soil.

In preparing the Rose Bed, dig the ground at least 18 inches or 2 feet deep, taking care that all roots, weeds and rocks are removed. The soil must be thoroughly mellow and made as fine as possible. When the ground is thus prepared, mix well with a heavy coating of well-rotted cow manure to the depth of 12 inches. After thoroughly preparing the soil, a top dressing of raw bone meal is a great advantage to the plants. This top dressing of bone meal should be spread broad cast over the soil and mixed not deeper than 2 inches. If the soil is sour in the least, apply a top dressing of lime about two weeks after mixing with the cow manure.

Where to Plant.

The place selected for the planting of roses should be located so that fresh air and sunshine can touch the plants at all times, and if possible not near large trees.

How to Plant.

After preparing the Rose Bed as above stated, make a hole large enough to accommodate the roots of the plants, so that they will be straight down, and by no means let the roots turn up; fill about three-fourths with soil, pressing tight around the roots, then fill to about 2 inches above the level of the Rose Bed. Be sure to plant the rose to a depth that the soil covers its neck (or the place where it is budded) at least two or three inches.

Pruning of Roses.

Roses should always be pruned in the spring—never in the fall, except in very few cases, when Climbing Roses are planted. Plant fall Roses just as they come from the Nursery and cut them back the following spring.

Hybrid Tea Roses, Tea Roses, and Polyantha Roses should be cut back 4 or 6 inches above the ground, according to their growing habit. As a general rule all strong growing varieties are pruned about 6 inches above the ground. Slow growing varieties should be pruned about 4 inches above the ground. Hybrid Perpetuals may be cut 8 inches above the place where budded.

When Roses are planted in the spring, prune before planting.

No garden complete without roses.

It is always necessary to prune the roots before planting. Use a sharp knife and cut one inch from the end of the strong roots, leaving the small, tender roots.

Winter Protection.

The best winter protection is to cover the plants with dirt about 8 or 12 inches. The best way is to take a hoe and pull the dirt around the rose bush, so that the heart of the plant is well covered.

In severe climates stretch low chicken wire around your beds or borders after covering them as stated, then fill with leaves or straw. This, of course, should be removed the following spring as soon as severe frosts are over; also removing the dirt protection.

We have classified our Roses as follows: Hybrid Tea Roses; Tea Roses; Hybrid Perpetual Roses; and Baby Rambler, or Polyantha Roses. We have a few other varieties which we list miscellaneously. A description of each class of Roses is given for your information.

Newly planted rose bushes should always be pruned short.

Hybrid Tea Roses



Radiance

Hybrid Tea Roses, mostly a crossing between Tea's and Hybrid Perpetuals, are now considered the best roses to plant for rose gardens. They have the ever-blooming habit of the Tea Rose, with almost the hardiness of the Hybrid Perpetual, which makes them the ideal rose to plant.

There is most any color and shape in this class of roses one could wish for, and most of the time they have the so much appreciated fragrance.

We offer in the following list a selection of the best varieties, including the very best of the latest introductions. We have tried them all in our rose fields at Oakton, Va. These plants are two years old, field-grown, and of good size.

Antoine Rivoire (Pernet Ducher 1896).

A large, full flower of rosy-flesh, shaded with carmine. Good cut-flower. Free bloomer and a good garden rose.

Bessie Brown (Alex. Dickson 1899).

Very large creamy-white flower. Will last very long on the bush, and is sweetly scented.

Betty (Alex. Dickson 1905).

Color, coppery-rose shaded to golden-yellow. A large,

medium filled, very fragrant flower. An extra good grower.

Chateau de Clos Vougeot (Pernet Ducher 1908).

The darkest red rose there is. Looks almost like velvet, its color shading from the deepest maroon-red to blackish-crimson. A slow growing plant.

Clara Watson (Prince 1894).

Color, pearly-white with pale rosy peach in center. A free bloomer and a fine shaped plant.

Climbing Meteor.

One of the best climbers. A grand rose of velvety-maroon. A very free bloomer.

Climbing Wootton (Dingee 1899).

A fine climbing rose, bringing large deep crimson flowers.

Countess of Gosford (McGreedy 1906).

A very free flowering rose. Color, salmon-pink, shading to rose with saffron-yellow. A splendid garden rose—one of the very best.



Mme. Jules Grolez

Comtesse de Turenne (Bernaix 1895).

Often called climbing Paul Neyron. Color, bright satiny-rose. Fine buds and flowers. Much like the Paul Neyron.

Dean Hole (Alex. Dickson 1904).

Fine, long buds, opening to extra large flowers of deep salmon-pink. A very vigorous grower. A free bloomer and all around a fine garden rose.

Dorothy Page Roberts (Alex. Dickson 1907).

A medium filled flower of a splendid coppery-red to apricot-yellow color.

Duchess of Wellington (Alex. Dickson 1909).

A free blooming very fragrant rose of great beauty. Intense saffron-yellow, with crimson, which becomes coppery-yellow when the flower opens. A fine autumn bloomer.

Earl of Warwick.

Large, well-filled and well-shaped flower, of a fine, dark-red color.

Order your roses early and in time.

Ecarlata (Boytard 1907).

The finest red bedding rose there is. Color, red-scarlet. A very vigorous grower, which produces flowers from early spring to late fall.

Edward Mawley (McGreedy & Son 1911).

Color, dark crimson. A splendid bloomer. The best dark crimson Hybrid Tea.

Elizabeth Barnes.

A very sweet scented rose of bright rosa, with a yellow center. Back of the flower rosa-red.

Etoile de France (Pernet Ducher 1905).

A very large fragrant rose of clear red-crimson. A charming flower; indeed, one of the very best red Hybrid Tea variety.

Etoile de Lyon (Guillot 1881).

Color, bright sulphur-yellow. A large flower of fine shape.

Edu. Meyer.

A fine rose of a coppery-orange-red, shaded to yellow.

Farbenkonigin (Trier 1911).

Large, double flower. Color, satiny-bright carmine with rosy-crimson.

Florence Pemberton (Alex. Dickson 1903).

Color, creamy-white with bright pink edgings. A fine pointed bud and large flowers.

Francis Scott Key (Cook 1914).

A splendid red rose of very easy culture. Flowers are very large and double of fine shape. A good grower and a very free bloomer. In fact, one of the best of the new red roses.

Geo. C. Waud (Alex. Dickson & Son, 1908).

A fine strongly tea scented, bright orange rose. A free bloomer and a good cutflower.

General McArthur (Hill 1905).

A splendid red rose of fine shape. Color, brilliant scarlet-red. We advise you to try this rose, as we are sure it will give you great satisfaction.

General Superior Arnold Jansen (Leenderts 1912).

An extra fine rose of deep glowing carmine. A vigorous grower, producing many large flowers on strong, erect stems. A good garden rose.

Grusz an Teplitz (Geschwind 1897).

A very vigorous growing rose of velvety-crimson color, shading to scarlet. Cup-shaped, moderately full flowers. Very hardy and a free bloomer. An extra fine bedding rose.

Gustav Grunewald (P. Lambert 1903).

Yellowish-red. A fine shaped flower on long stems. A really beautiful rose.

Gustav Rigis.

Canary-yellow. Medium filled flower. Long buds. Sweetly scented. A very vigorous grower with beautiful, glossy foliage.

Plant only in well prepared soil.

George Nabannand.

A splendid flower and fine long bud of soft rose with yellow. Blooms the whole summer, but extra well in autumn, when the plant is fairly covered with beautiful flowers. A good cutflower.

Gloire de Libourne.

Canary-yellow. Strong grower with nice glossy foliage. Large, full flowers.

Helen Gambier (Pernet Ducher 1893).

A medium large, very double, well filled flower of a delicate flesh color shaded to golden-yellow at the base of the petals. Beautiful dark foliage.

Hadley (Montgomery Co., 1914).

Color, deep velvety-crimson. A well formed double rose. A strong grower and very fragrant. Habit of growth much like the Gen. McArthur.

Herzogin Marie Antoinette (Jacobs 1911).

A medium filled orange-golden rose. Very fragrant.

Hector Leuillott (Pernet, Ducher 1904).

Golden-yellow rose tinted carmine in center. A very large flower and good grower.

Irish Fireflame (Alex. Dickson 1913).

A single rose of coppery-yellow to ruddy-crimson shade. Grows on long stems, but is only nice in the bud.

Johanna Sebus.

Cherry-red. A strong grower and sweetly scented rose. A beautiful flower.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock (Leenderts 1910).

Color very unusual, clear imperial pink on the face of the petal and deep growing pink on the borders and back of the petals. Produces very large, well shaped, full flowers on strong erect stems and is very fragrant. One of the very best of the new roses. Fine cutflowers.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (Lambert & Reiter 1891).

Without any doubt the best white Hybrid Tea. Color, Beautiful deep pure ivory-white. Flower and buds both of handsome shape. A good grower. A free bloomer and deliciously fragrant. All together a splendid outdoor rose.

Killarney (Alex. Dickson 1898).

One of the best of the standard Hybrid Tea Roses. ▲ vigorous grower. Color, deep seashell pink. Very large flower and fine pointed bud. A good bedding rose.

Killarney Queen (Budlong 1812).

A sport of the Killarney. Color, cerise-pink. Foliage large and glossy. Much like the Killarney, but deeper and brighter of color.

Killarney Brilliant (Alex. Dickson 1914).

Very brilliant pink to crimson. More double than the Killarney. A very beautiful rose.

Pay special attention to newly planted roses.

Le Detrouite (Hopp 1905).

A good grower and very sweetly scented. Color, soft rosa. A beauty.

La France (Guillot 1867).

A large, full well-shaped flower. Color, silvery rose. Sweetly scented. A good grower and very free bloomer.

La Tosca (Schwartz 1900).

One of the best growing among the Hybrid Tea's. Soft pink with rosy-white and yellow. A large full flower and a free bloomer.

Lady Ashton (Alex. Dickson 1905).

One of the very best of the new roses. Color, deep rose with shade of silvery-pink. Large, full flowers. Free and constant bloomer. Vigorous grower. Should find a place in every rose garden.

Lady Alice Stanley (McGreedy 1910).

Color, outside, deep coral-rose; inside, delicate flesh. A very attractive rose. Large, double flower.

Lady Wenlock.

Long, well-shaped buds and fine formed flowers of Chinese-rosa with shade of apricot.

Laurent Carle (Pernet Ducher 1907).

One of the best Hybrid Tea roses. A brilliant velvety-carmine rose, of fine shape. Flowers carried on long, erect stems. A very good grower.

Mabel Drew (Dickson & Sons 1911).

Much like the Kaiserin, but deeper yellow in center. A beautiful rose.

Mad. Abel Chatenay (Pernet Ducher 1895).

Color carmine-rose shaded to salmon. Fine shaped long buds and well formed double flowers of medium size. A good grower and very free bloomer through the whole summer, but special in autumn. Exceedingly fragrant.

Mad. Caroline Testout (Pernet Ducher 1890).

A very charming rose, which is always in great demand. Color, clear, bright satiny pink. Flowers large and of fine shape. Plants well formed. Vigorous grower. A fine outdoor plant.

Mad. Jules Grolez (Guillot 1897).

A clear deep rose-tinted flower, shaded to yellow at the base. Long buds opening to fine shaped flowers. A very free bloomer. All together a very attractive rose.

Mad. Leon Paine (Guillot 1904).

Color, silvery flesh to orange yellow in the middle. Fine shaped flower.

Mad. Ravary (Pernet Ducher 1889).

A beautiful golden-yellow rose and a very free bloomer.

Mad. Second Weber (Soupert & Notting 1908).

Color, rosy-salmon to fresh pink. Buds long and pointed, opening to a very large and full flower. Roses grow on long stems. A very free bloomer and splendid outdoor rose.

Keep the soil around your roses mellow and soft.

Mad. Edmee Metz.

A beautiful rose, which we advise you to try in your garden. A vigorous grower and very free bloomer. Flowers large and double of a silvery-pink color.

Magnafrano (Conrad 1902).

A fine, large, double rose and very well formed. Color, crimson-scarlet. Sweetly scented.

Mad. Melanie Soupert (Pernet Ducher 1906).

A very large, nearly full, flower of golden-yellow color.

Mademoiselle Germaine Trochon.

Color, yellowish-rose. A strong grower, which produces a medium-sized flower on strong erect stems.

Milady (Pierson 1913).

A crossing of Richmond X. J. B. Clark. A very dark red rose. Large, full and very well shaped flowers.

Mildred Grant (Alex. Dickson 1901).

Color, creamy-white. A fine, large, well formed, double flower.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (Pernet Ducher 1907).

One of the most beautiful roses. Coppery-orange in the bud and golden-orange when open. A good grower; all together one of the best outdoor yellow roses. A compact, round bush, with fine dark foliage.

Mrs. Arthur Munt.

Color, creamy-yellow, with white and peach blush. A fine, very fragrant rose, growing on strong, erect stems.

Mrs. Charles Russell (Montgomery 1912).

A fine new American rose. Very large flowers of beautiful rosy-pink.

Mrs. Andrew Carnegie (Crocker 1913).

Color, very pale-yellow, shading to pure white. An extra large flower of fine shape.

Mrs. Geo. Shawyer (Lowe & Shawyer 1913).

A very fine new rose of bright peach-pink color. Flowers are very well formed and carried on long, upright stems. A good outdoor rose, which we advise to try in your garden.

My Maryland (Cook 1909).

Color, intense glowing pink. Free bloomer and very fragrant. A large cup formed flower and beautifully shaped, long pointed buds.

Miss Cynthia Forde (Hugh Dickson 1909).

A very large rose of bright rose color. Sweetly scented and a very free bloomer.

Pharisear (Hinner 1903).

Color, rosy-white. A large, full, well formed flower. Blooms extra fine in autumn. A good outdoor rose and strong grower.

Cut off and throw away the flowers that are through blooming.

Prince de Bulgarie (Pernet Ducher 1901).

Flowers silvery flesh with salmon and dark coppery-yellow in center. Long buds opening to cup formed flowers. A good grower and very charming rose.

Prince Englebert Charles d'Arenberg (Soupert & Notting 1910).

A fine rose of vigorous growth. Color, clear lively-red. Buds of fine shape. Large, full flowers.

President Taft (McCullough 1908).

Color, intense deep shining pink. A good grower and free bloomer. Of good size and very fragrant flowers. An extremely charming color.

Petite Constant.

A very free blooming cherry-red rose and a pretty good grower.

Queen Beatrice (Kramer 1907).

Fine bright pink rose. Both buds and flowers of good form. A very free bloomer.

Radiance (Cook 1909).

An excellent rose. Color, brilliant rosy-carmine. Large, full, fine shaped flowers. It blooms constantly and is fragrant. You will not make a mistake in planting this rose, as we are sure it will give you satisfaction.

Reine Marie Henriette (Levet 1878).

The best pink climbing rose in its class. Color, deep cherry-red. Form of the Marechal Niel.

Rhea Reid (Hill 1908).

Color, rich dark velvety-red. A large, double flower. A very free bloomer and good outdoor rose.

Souvenir de President Carnot (Pernet Ducher 1895).

Color, soft flesh with white edges on the petals. Large, fine flowers, growing on long strong stems. Beautiful long, pointed buds, opening to extra well shaped flowers.

Sunburst (Pernet Ducher 1912).

Flowers medium filled. Buds long and pointed. Color, between orange-copper and golden-orange.

Theresa.

Color, apricot-orange and soft rosy with carmine. A medium filled, large flower, sweetly scented. A very strong grower and a free bloomer.

Wellesley (Waban Conservatories 1905).

Color, a beautiful silvery-pink. A sweetly scented rose and fine outdoor plant.

Wm. R. Smith (Shellum 1908).

Salmon-pink to beautiful flesh color. Fine dark foliage. One of our best roses. Blooms extra fine in autumn.

White Killarney (Waban Rose Comp. 1909).

A fine rose of white with a pink tinge. Splendid long, well formed buds.

Give your roses their winter protection in time, but not too early.

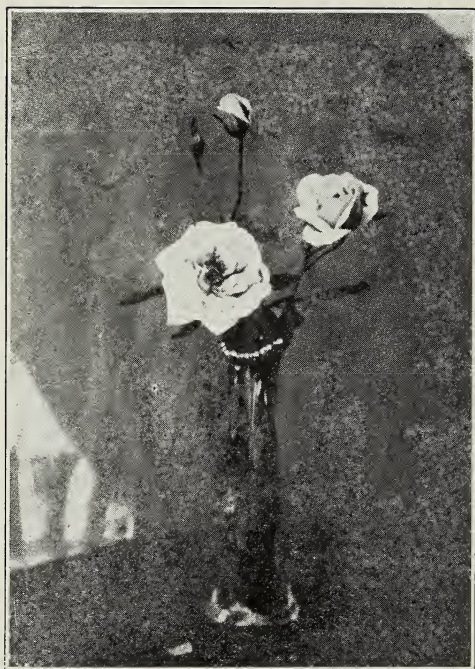
The price of all of our Hyhrid Tea Roses is 35 cents each plant, or \$3.50 per dozen, except for the following varieties:

Chateau de Clos Vougeot	\$0.45
Duchess of Wellington40
Francis Scott Key40
Herzogin Marie Antoinette45
Killarney Brilliant40
Mabel Drew40
Mad. Maline Soupert40
Mrs. Andrew Carnegie45
Prince de Bulgarie40
Sunburst40

Special prices on large quantities of any kind of roses.

Protect the birds; they are your best helpers.

TEA ROSE



Lady Hillingdon

Tea Roses

The Tea Roses are by far the most ever-blooming roses grown, and in general the most vigorous. The fragrance of Tea Roses is unsurpassed, but they are not so hardy as Hybrid Tea Roses. In all the States south of New York, however, Tea Roses can be grown successfully, if the plants are properly protected from late in the fall until early in the spring.

If planted well and protected during winter, this is a very pleasing and satisfactory class of roses.

Archduchess Maria Immaculata.

A deep salmon flesh rose, splashed with pink on the outer petals and of a golden color in center. A beautiful, medium sized, double flower.

Alexander Hill Gray (Alex. Dickson 1911).

Best and largest pure yellow tea rose yet introduced. Fine pointed buds, which develop in very large blooms of fine shape. Color is solid deep lemon-yellow. Strongly tea scented.

Dr. Grill (Bonnaire 1886).

Color, rose with coppery shadings. A medium size full rose. Very attractive buds and a free bloomer.

Eliza Heyman.

A fine rose of yellow-rose color with peach-rose in the center. A good grower and free bloomer.

Etoile de Lyon (Guillot 1881).

Color, bright sulphur yellow. A large flower of fine shape.

Helen Good (Good & Reese 1906).

A sport from the pink cochet, sometimes called Golden Cochet. Color, delicate yellow-sulphur suffused with pink. A beautiful flower of very large size and fine shape.

Freiherr von Marshall (Lambert 1903).

A beautiful red tea rose of dark crimson color. Long pointed buds.

L'Innocence.

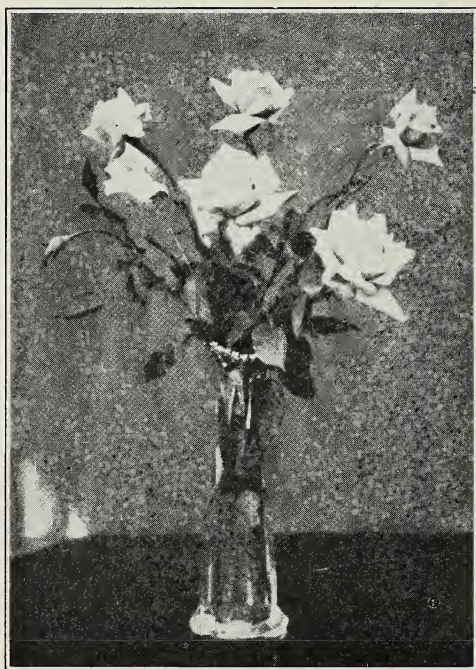
A pure white, pretty, large full flower. A very good grower and free bloomer.

Lady Hillingdon (Lowe & Shawyer 1910).

A splendid yellow garden rose. Beautifully formed, long pointed buds of brilliant deep-golden yellow. A very vigorous grower. In fact the best rose in this color.

Visit our Nursery when the roses are in bloom and then select the varieties you like best.

TEA ROSE



Pink Maman Cochet

Lady Roberts (Frank Cant 1902).

Color, reddish apricot-yellow and copper. Well shaped flowers and a good grower.

Maman Cochet, Pink (Cochet 1893).

This is the famous pink rose. Color, light pink shaded to salmon-yellow. Outer petals splashed with rose. A very large and full flower. Fine cutflower.

Maman Cochet, White (Cook 1897).

A sport from Maman Cochet. Color, creamy-white tinged with blush. Long pointed buds opening to a large flower. An exceedingly fine rose. Fine outdoor plant.

Madison (Brandt Hentz Co. 1912).

An improvement on The Bride. Better in color and a very healthy plant. Color, beautiful creamy-white.

Mad. Jules Gravereau (Soupert & Notting 1901).

A beautiful tea rose. Color, deep-yellow, center rosy-peach. A large, full, very fine flower. A very vigorous grower, with splendid foliage.

Mad. Jules Gravereau (Climbing).

The same as the bush rose of this name, but a climbing rose.

Mad. Lombard (Lacharme 1878).

Color, bright deep rose. Large flowers of fine shape. A very free bloomer and very reliable rose. Beautiful and easy to grow.

Marie van Houtte (Ducher 1871).

Yellowish-white. Border of the petals bright-rose. Full flowers of beautiful form. An exceedingly good grower and free, continuous bloomer.

Miss Alice de Rotchild (Alex. Dickson 1910).

A fine rose of deep citron-yellow color. A free bloomer and very fragrant.

Mrs. B. R. Cant (Benjamin Cant 1901).

Color, deep rose, inner petals soft silvery-rose. A very free flowering rose, especially attractive in autumn.

Papa Contier (Nabonnand 1883).

A medium filled flower of beautiful rosy-crimson color. Fine autumn bloomer.

Souvenir de Pierre Notting (Soupert & Notting 1901).

Apricot-yellow with coppery-yellow shade. Long buds, opening to fine flowers.

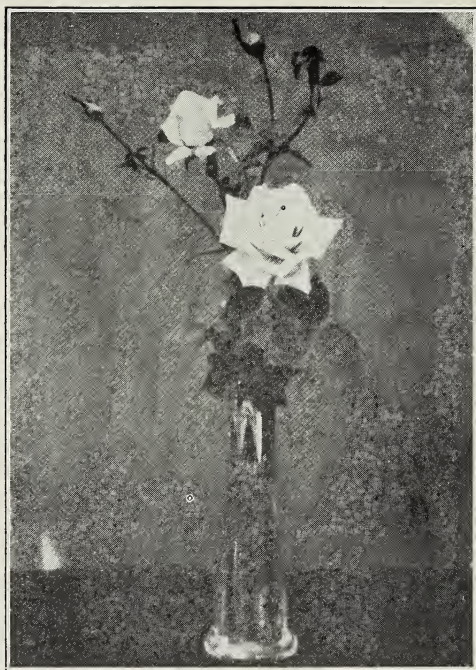
The price of all our Tea Roses is 35 cents each plant, and \$3.50 per dozen, except for the following varieties:

Archduchess Maria Immaculata	\$0.40
Madison40

Special prices on large quantities of any of the above varieties will be gladly given.

Fallen rose leaves should be gathered and burned. Very often they are the carriers of disease.

TEA ROSE



Wm. R. Smith

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

The habit of this class of roses is very strong and vigorous. The long, upright canes are covered with large, beautiful foliage and produce an immense, well shaped flower with excellent fragrance.

Very early in spring and also in autumn these bushes are covered with flowers, but in general they are not ever-blooming, except in some varieties, where mentioned in the description.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses should be pruned about the last of June or the middle of July. Cut the strong-growing branches about 18 inches or 2 feet above the ground. These branches will make new shoots that will flower until late in fall.

Alfred Colomb (Lacharme 1865).

A very large rose of a bright red color. Free bloomer and very fragrant.

Anna de Diesbach (Lacharme 1859).

Color, clear, deep bright pink. Flowers, extra large. Fine buds.

Baronne de Rotchild (Pernet 1867).

Large flowers grown on erect stems. Color, clear, bright pink. Foliage grows clear up to the flower, which makes each rose look like a bouquet.

Captain Christy (Lacharme 1873).

Flesh colored with center deeper in color. Large, full flowers.

Captain Hayward (Bennett 1893).

Color, deep glowing crimson. Large flowers. Often called red Frau Carl Druschki. A very good grower.

Eclair.

A fire-red, very full flower. Medium grower.

Eugene Furst (Soupert 1876).

Color, deep red shaded with crimson. Large, full, well formed flowers.

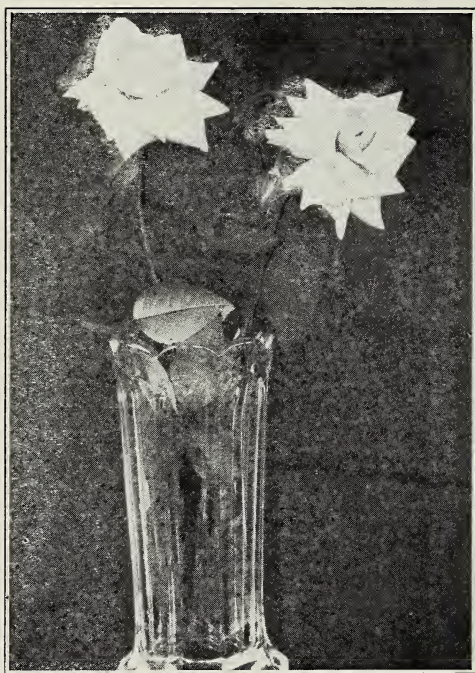
Frau Carl Druschki (Lambert 1900).

Often called "White American Beauty." A grand rose; in fact, the very best of its class. Color is of the purest white, without any other shade whatsoever. A very vigorous grower, producing many immense flowers of fine shape. Form of buds, splendid. Beautiful foliage. Blooms nearly as free as a Hybrid Tea.

George Ahrends (Hinner 1910).

A wonderfully fine new Hybrid Perpetual. Often called pink Frau Carl Druschki. Same habit of growth as the Frau Carl Druschki. Produces beautiful, extra large, full flowers of a delicate pink.

HYBRID TEA ROSE



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria

General Jacqueminot (Roussel 1853).

Color, crimson-scarlet. A very fine rose and a good grower. Large, full flowers and very fragrant.

Hugh Dickson (Hugh Dickson 1904).

Color, brilliant crimson, shaded to scarlet. Free bloomer, sweetly scented. One of the best Hybrid Perpetuals.

Louis van Houtte (Lacharme 1869).

A large rose of fine shape. Color deep crimson to maroon.

Margaret Dickson (Alex. Dickson 1891).

A very large white rose, flesh colored in center. Very handsome flowers. A good rose.

Marie Baumann (Baumann 1863).

Color, soft carmine-red. Very large, full flowers of excellent shape. Free bloomer.

Merveille de Lyon.

A strong white rose, sometimes changing to soft rose. A very free bloomer.

Mad. Chas. Wood (E. Verdier 1861).

A fine garden rose of a bright cherry-red color. A very free bloomer. Same rose as Dinsmore.

Mrs. John Laing (Bennett 1887).

Color, bright shining pink. Large, full, double flowers. Early and free bloomer. A very good rose.

Mrs. R. G. S. Crawford (Alex. Dickson 1894).

A very fine rose of a clear rosy-pink shaded to pale flesh on the outer petals.

Oskar Cordel.

Color, carmine-red. Sweetly scented. Splendid autumn bloomer.

Princess de Bearn.

Color, very dark red. A free bloomer and good grower.

Ulrich Brunner (Levet 1881).

A beautiful cherry-red rose. Extra large flowers of fine shape, grown on strong, erect stems, covered to the top with fine foliage. A very good grower, a free bloomer and good cutflower.

The price of all of our Hybrid Perpetual Roses is 30 cents each plant, \$3.00 per dozen. Special prices on large quantities will be gladly given.

Polyantha or Baby Rambler

Miniature roses, derived from the Climbing Polyantha, are all of dwarf habit, and bloom so freely the whole summer that they cover the entire plant with flowers from early spring until late fall. They are very fine for bedding and borders; very hardy and bloom in clusters.

Baby Rambler or Mad. Norbert Lavavasseur (Lavavasseur 1903).

Blooms all the time in large clusters of bright crimson.

Clothilde Soupert (Soupert & Notting 1890)

Well-filled rose. Pearl white, shading towards the center to bright silvery pink. Best of all bedding roses.

Eugenie Lamesh (Lambert 1900).

Orange-yellow, shaded with rosa. A full bloom. Fragrance similar to apples.

Grusz an Aachen (1915).

Yellowish rosa with red. A full rose and excellent bloomer.

Marie Pavie (Alegatiere 1888).

White flushed with carmine. Of good size. Very full and double. Sweetly scented.

Mrs. Cutbush (Levvasseur 1907).

Delicate pink. Blooms in very large clusters through the entire summer.

Orleans Rose (Levvasseur 1910).

The prettiest of all the Baby Rambler Roses. Of beautiful rounded habit. Looks like a huge bouquet covered with deep cerise to geranium-pink, flowers, with a distinct white center. Very easy to grow.

The price of all of these roses is 30 cents each plant, and \$3.00 per dozen. Special prices for large quantities.

Miscellaneous

Cramoise Superior.

A medium size rose of rich carmine, changing to golden-yellow. Double and very full. A fine border rose.

Mad. Eugenie Resal.

Very free blooming rose of red to orange-yellow color. Good grower. Semi-double of medium size. Blooms from early till late.

Rayon d'or.

Intense coppery-yellow. Fine, long, pointed buds. Full, large flower. Needs extra protection in winter.

Soleil d'or.

A large, well filled rose. Orange-yellow and golden-yellow, shading to bright rosa. Very fragrant.

Souvenir de la Malmaison (Beluze 1843).

A very large, sweetly scented rose. Good grower. Color, white, shading to flesh. Blooms very free.

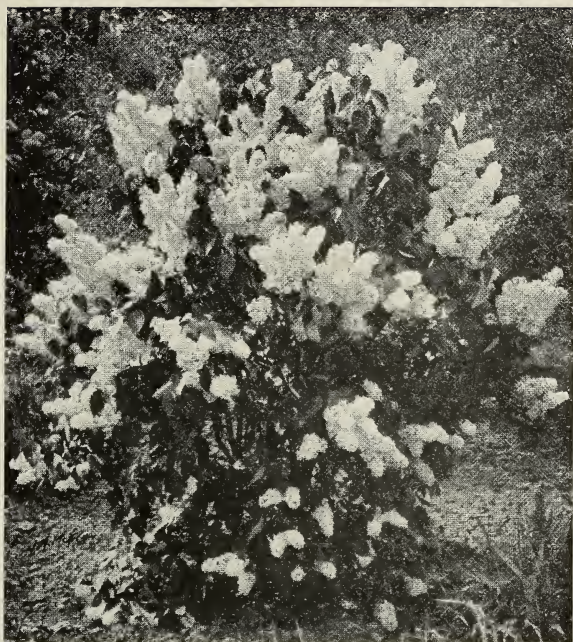
Zepherine Drouhin.

A fine climbing rose. Medium filled flower of pure carmine-red. Fine foliage and very fragrant. A strong, healthy grower.

The price of these roses is 35 cents each plant and \$3.50 per dozen, except Rayon d'or, which is 40 cents each plant.

After your climbing roses have finished blooming, cut out the branches where the blossoms appeared.

Lilacs



Lilac, Marie Legraye

All of our lilacs are budded stock, and can be shipped with or without a ball, according to your wish. We have four varieties:

Marie le Gray,

Single, large, white flower.

Mad. Lemoine,

Double, large, white flowers.

Charles X,

Single, purple flower.

Louis Spath,

Single, very dark purple flower.

Prices are: One-year-old, 20 cents; two-year-old, 30 cents; three-year-old, 45 cents; four-year-old, 60 cents each.

Our Special Offer

We offer the following two dozen roses, which gives you a splendid assortment, for \$5.50. For the two dozen and your choice of one dozen from these varieties for \$3.00 the dozen.

1 Killarney.	1 Mad. Segond Weber.
1 Kil'arney Queen.	1 Lady Ashton.
1 Radiance.	1 Pink Maman Cochet.
1 Jonkheer J. L. Mock.	1 White Maman Cochet.
1 Frau Carl Druschki.	1 La France.
1 Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.	1 Mademoiselle Francisca Gruger.
1 Lady Hillingdon.	1 Countess of Gosford.
1 Mrs. Aaron Ward.	1 Grusz an Teplitz.
1 Etoile de France.	1 Ecarlata.
1 General McArthur.	1 La Tosca.
1 Laurent Carle.	1 Mad. Jules Grolez.
1 George Ahrends.	1 Mad. Caroline Testout.

All Roses are guaranteed to be true to name. No substitute plants will be shipped unless we are specially directed to do so.

All shipments are guaranteed to reach the express office or post office designated in perfect condition. All just complaints must be made at once—upon receipt of shipment.

All shipments will be made by express unless otherwise directed. If you desire shipment by parcel post, please send postage.

A well planted rose bed gives great satisfaction, pays well for the experience, and is a beautiful addition to your garden.

A poorly planted rose bed is nothing but a disappointment.

